

THE VIBRATIONAL BAND  
ENHANCEMENTS FOR ACTIVE AND “SILENT”  
VIBRATIONS IN THE RAMAN AND IR SPECTRA  
OF FULLERENE C<sub>60</sub> NANOFILMS

*M. Kornienko, A. Naumenko*

Taras Shevchenko National University of Kyiv  
(64, Volodymyrs'ka Str., Kyiv 01601, Ukraine)

S u m m a r y

A comparison of the intensities of the vibrational bands (VB) in Raman and IR spectra for nanofilms of C<sub>60</sub> 150–250 nm in thickness and for microfilms 1–2 μm in thickness has been done. In the Raman spectra of nanofilms, the enhancement of the active bands Hg(1 ÷ 8) by 2 ÷ 7 times in comparison with a slight weakening of the Ag(1,2) band for microfilms has been observed. It is shown that the Raman and IR vibrations G<sub>g,u</sub>, H<sub>u</sub>, F<sub>1,2g</sub>, and F<sub>2u</sub>, which are inactive for icosahedral symmetry  $I_h$ , and the lateral spectral components of the bands Hg(1 ÷ 8) increase by 5–50 times and more. The observed phenomena is associated with the significant changes in the electro-physical properties of nanostructured media due to a weakening of the symmetry and an increase in the anharmonicity and the nonlinear interaction of vibrational modes. During the polymerization of a nanofilm by diamine (N<sub>2</sub>H<sub>4</sub>), the observed enhancement of VB decreases due to a decrease in the vibrational nonlinearity. The differences between the experimental intensities of VB and the results of quantum-chemical calculations are discussed.