

MANIFESTATION OF SPATIAL ORDERING
OF QUANTUM DOTS IN MULTILAYERED
SiGe NANOSTRUCTURES IN X-RAY
DIFFRACTION PATTERNS

*V.P. Kladko, V.F. Machulin, O.M. Yefanov,
V.A. Yukhymchuk, O.I. Gudymenko,
P.P. Kogutyuk¹, A.V. Shalimov²*

V. Lashkarev Institute of Semiconductor Physics,
Nat. Acad. Sci. of Ukraine
(41, Nauky Ave., Kyiv 03028, Ukraine;
e-mail: kladko@isp.kiev.ua),

¹Taras Shevchenko Kyiv National University
(6, Academician Glushkov Ave., Kyiv 03127, Ukraine),

²Institute of Physics, Polish Acad. Sci.
(32/36, Lotnikow Al., Warsaw 02-609, Poland)

S u m m a r y

By analyzing the intensity distribution of diffusely scattered X-rays in the reciprocal space, information concerning a transformation of two-dimensional structures in multilayered SiGe specimens into three-dimensional ones has been obtained. Weakly correlated quantum dots which contribute to the formation of lateral satellites have been shown to affect insignificantly the formation of a coherent satellite structure. Nevertheless, their influence on the distribution of deformation fields in superlattice layers remains substantial. It has been illustrated by applying the method of two-dimensional reciprocal space mapping of the X-ray intensity distribution to periodic Si/SiGe superlattices with different thicknesses of Ge layers (4 and 7 monolayers) and to periodically distributed SiGe dots buried in silicon.