## INVESTIGATION OF CORRELATIONS OF NUCLEONS OF EVEN-EVEN NUCLEI IN THE FRAMEWORK OF THE ADIABATIC THREE-PARTICLE MODEL OF NUCLEI

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Summary

Stationary states of even-even atomic nuclei, whose mean self-consistent field is simulated by the Woods—Saxon potential, are described in the framework of the adiabatic three-particle model of nuclei. The description is carried out in the terms of collective variables, namely, the hyperradius R, hyperangle  $\alpha$ , and conventional spherical angles  $(\theta_i,\,\varphi_i),\,i=1,2$ . The efficiency of the adiabatic approach is illustrated by the example of the numerical calculation of the energy spectra of low-lying excited states of even-even atomic nuclei  $^{40}$ Ca,  $^{64}$ Zn,  $^{74}$ Se, and  $^{200}$ Hg which possess two valent nucleons in the external shell.