

ELECTRON-PHONON INTERACTION  
IN A SEMICONDUCTOR QUANTUM  
WIRE EMBEDDED INTO THE  
SEMICONDUCTOR MEDIUM

*V. P. Zharkoi, M. V. Tkach*

Chernivtsi National University  
(2, Kotsyubinski Str., Chernivtsi 58012, Ukraine)

S u m m a r y

The renormalization of electron ground state energy due to the different types of interaction with confined ( $L$ ) and interface ( $I$ ) phonons in a semiconductor cylindrical quantum wire (QW) embedded into the semiconductor medium by the example of a HgS/CdS nanosystem. It is shown that, for rather big sizes of a QW, the shift  $\Delta$  of the ground energy is mainly caused by the interaction between an electron and confined phonons of the wire and the medium. The contribution of interface phonons ( $I^+$ ,  $I^-$ ) into the magnitude of shift is essentially bigger (one-two orders) than the contribution of  $L$ -phonons for small sizes of a quantum wire. For all sizes of a QW, the interaction with all phonons through the states of the continuous spectrum makes a contribution into the shift  $\Delta$  by several times smaller than the interaction through the states of discrete spectrum. When the QW radius increases, the contribution of  $I$ -phonons decreases and that of  $L$ -phonons – increases. Consequently, the shift reaches its magnitude in a massive crystal.