

PULSED-PERIODIC VOLUME DISCHARGE
IN MIXTURES OF ATOMS Ar, Kr AND Xe
WITH MOLECULES Cl₂

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The results of investigation of space, electric, and optical characteristics of volume discharge at low pressure in mixtures Ar/Cl₂, Kr/Cl₂, and Xe/Cl₂ in the electrode system 'spherical anode-plane cathode' are presented. It is determined that under the pressure of inert gases $P \leq 2.0$ kPa, partial chlorine pressure of 0.04–0.40 kPa, and on connecting the discharge gap with the source of constant voltage ($U_{ch} \leq 1$ kV), the pulsed discharge with the repetition frequency of pulses $f = 0.1 \div 120$ kHz (mixtures Ar/Cl₂; Kr/Cl₂) or pulsed discharge with continuous current component (mixture Xe/Cl₂) was ignited. At the expense of development of an instability in low-density electronegative plasma, a domain with an average diameter of 2 – 40 mm was formed. It is determined that the plasma of a domain was a pulsed-periodic source of wideband radiation of molecules ArCl($B - X$), KrCl($B - X$), XeCl($B - X; D - X$), Cl₂($D' - A'$) in a spectral range 170 – 340 nm. The optimization of brightness of UV–VUV plasma radiation as a function of pressure, gas mixture composition, and average discharge current is carried out. The temporal characteristics of the pulsed component of the voltage on the discharge gap, discharge current, and total radiation of plasma in a spectral range 200 – 700 nm have been investigated. The volume discharge not bounded by dielectric walls can be used for a design of planar and cylinder excimer-halogen pulsed periodic lamps of low pressure.